| QUESTION: For successful wealth <br> accumulation we need $\qquad$ to override our emotions when dealing with money. <br> ANSWER: Logic <br> (web\#1) | QUESTION: $\qquad$ ownership and $\qquad$ security define the American Dream. ANSWER: Home / financial (C\#2) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ ownership is your key to rewriting your story and unlocking your destiny. <br> ANSWER: Home (C\#2) | QUESTION: Money self-awareness is understanding your ------ values as they relate to your relationship with money. ANSWER: Core <br> (web\#1) |
| QUESTION: A $\qquad$ is a financial benefit of your home rising in value. ANSWER: Wealth increase (C\#2) | QUESTION: Our $\qquad$ money messages have the most influence on us as children. ANSWER: Family <br> (web\#1) |
| QUESTION: Self-awareness translated into financial activity equals ------- control. ANSWER: Emotional <br> (web\#1) | QUESTION: $\qquad$ is useless if emotions override its application. <br> ANSWER: Knowledge <br> (web\#1) |
| QUESTION: In money matters you lose what you don't - won't $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Control <br> (C\#1) | QUESTION: You need to understand how money affects you $\qquad$ to deal with money successfully. <br> ANSWER: Emotionally <br> (web\#1) |
| QUESTION: Your primary financial investment should be your $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Home <br> (C\#2) | QUESTION: $\qquad$ payroll deductions helped my employee pay back her loan. ANSWER: Automatic <br> (C\#1) |


| QUESTION: ----------- is the type of poetry <br> in Japan that has a total of three lines. <br> ANSWER: Haiku | QUESTION: Your Haiku is your ---------- <br> message and your new --------. <br> ANSWER: Money / story |
| :--- | :--- |
| (web\#1) |  |$\quad$| (web\#1) |
| :--- |


| QUESTION: You can go into debt if you don't pay attention to your ----- flow. ANSWER: Cash (C\#1) | QUESTION: Three sources to obtain info. to complete your monthly budget are: $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Bank statements / checkbook credit card statements (C\#1) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: A monthly budget shows your monthly cash $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Inflow / outflow <br> (C\#1) | QUESTION: The Annual Expenses line on your monthly budget are for monies spent for $\qquad$ occasions. <br> ANSWER: Special <br> (CH\#1) |
| QUESTION: Advertising has a strong $\qquad$ and emotional appeal. <br> ANSWER: Psychological <br> (C\#1) | QUESTION: For a monthly budget, total income minus total expenses equals <br> a $\qquad$ or $\qquad$ of monthly cash flow. ANSWER: Surplus / deficit (C\#1) |
| QUESTION: Automatic deductions is a wise technique to use to counter $\qquad$ spending. <br> ANSWER: Over <br> (C\#1) | QUESTION: The most powerful way to cut costs is to $\qquad$ what you will ----before you go shopping. <br> ANSWER: Plan / buy (C\#1) |
| QUESTION: Earning money by working takes your $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ so respect yourself for it by not ------spending. ANSWER: Time / effort /over (web\#1) | QUESTION: To reduce monthly spending and stay out of debt, decide which items are $\qquad$ versus which are merely -----. ANSWER: Needs / wants (C\#1) |
| QUESTION: You have a lot more control over what you $\qquad$ than over what you $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Spend / earn <br> (C\#1) | QUESTION: Surplus monthly budget monies should be put into your $\qquad$ or $\qquad$ or $\qquad$ accounts. ANSWER: Savings/mortgage/investment (C\#1) |


| QUESTION $\qquad$ issues are the primary cause of divorce. <br> ANSWER: Money (C\#1) | QUESTION: \$ $\qquad$ is the maximum amount the FDIC insures you, per account in the case of a bank failure. <br> ANSWER: $\$ 250,000$ (C\#1) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: Complete a monthly $\qquad$ with your intended spouse before you Say "I do". <br> ANSWER: Budget (C\#1) | QUESTION: The $\qquad$ <br> Association insures depositors of credit Unions in the case of a bank failure. ANSWER: National Credit Union (C\#1) |
| QUESTION: The $\qquad$ Security <br> Administration sponsors a safe alternative to a bank savings account. <br> ANSWER: Social (C\#1) | QUESTION: Three services offered by <br> banks can include: $\qquad$ cards, $\qquad$ accounts and home $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Credit / savings / mortgages <br> (\#1) |
| QUESTION: A bank is a $\qquad$ institution licensed as a $\qquad$ of monies. ANSWER: Financial / receiver (C\#1) | QUESTION: $\qquad$ location, using your smart $\qquad$ and on $\qquad$ are 3 ways to access your bank accounts. ANSWER: Physical / phone / line (C\#1) |
| QUESTION: The two main types of banks are $\qquad$ banks and $\qquad$ unions. ANSWER: Commercial / Credit (C\#1) | QUESTION: $\qquad$ fees and $\qquad$ interest rates on savings accounts are two good reasons to choose a specific bank. <br> ANSWER: Low / high (C\#1) |
| QUESTION: The $\qquad$ Insurance Corporation insures commercial bank depositors in case of a bank failure. <br> ANSWER: Federal Deposit (C\#1) | QUESTION: Monthly $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ are two must do's for your monthly bank statement. <br> ANSWER: Review / balance (C\#1) |


| QUESTION: Owning your own home is the key to your financial $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Security (C\#2) | QUESTION: PITI in reference to your basic costs of home ownership are: $\qquad$ $\qquad$ $\qquad$ $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Principal/interest/taxes/ insurance (C\#2) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: Owning your own home $\qquad$ free is a primary goal of the American Dream. <br> ANSWER: Mortgage (C\#2) | QUESTION: PITI should not exceed $\qquad$ per-cent (\%) of your gross monthly income. <br> ANSWER: 28\% <br> (C\#2) |
| QUESTION: 4 steps to owning your own home using collaboration are: S---------, being a S----- holder, S------- your share and $\qquad$ your own home. <br> ANSWER: Saving/share/selling/buying (C\#2) | QUESTION: Two major tax deductions with owning a home are $\qquad$ interest and $\qquad$ taxes. <br> ANSWER: Mortgage / property (C\#2) |
| QUESTION: Three legal responsibilities or Rights of home ownership are: Quiet $\qquad$ out a room and $\qquad$ property taxes. <br> ANSWER: Enjoyment/renting/ paying (C\#2) | QUESTION: Two financial benefits of owning where you live instead of renting are $\qquad$ increase and $\qquad$ deductions. <br> ANSWER: Price / tax (C\#2) |
| QUESTION: Two financial goals owning your own home accomplishes are: a $\qquad$ increase and having a ----- asset. ANSWER: Wealth / loan (C\#2) | QUESTION: Two costs of owning a home beyond basic PITI are $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ ANSWER: Utilities / repairs (C\#2) |
| QUESTION: Three financial strategies home ownership accomplishes are: ----creation, a $\qquad$ investment and pay $\qquad$ first. <br> ANSWER: Wealth/real estate/yourself (C\#2) | QUESTION: Generally the best mortgage has a------rate with a ----- year term. ANSWER: Fixed / thirty (C\#2) |


| QUESTION: Two important features of a 30-year mortgage are $\qquad$ monthly payments at an $\qquad$ amount. <br> ANSWER: Predictable / affordable (C\#2) | QUESTION: Two "Quality of Life" factors to consider before purchasing a home are $\qquad$ to work and $\qquad$ ratings. <br> ANSWER: Distance / school (C\#2) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: Two financial elements the bank uses to determine which mortgage they will offer you are your $\qquad$ payment amount and your $\qquad$ score. <br> ANSWER: Down / credit or FICO (C\#2) | QUESTION: The city or town your house is located in might require a $\qquad$ before you start renovation work on your home. ANSWER: Permit (C\#2) |
| QUESTION: With an "Interest only" mortgage ------- \% of your monthly payment goes towards paying-off your outstanding principal. <br> ANSWER: Zero <br> (C\#2) | QUESTION: You should not buy a house as your residence unless you plan to live there at least $\qquad$ years. <br> ANSWER: Five (C\#2) |
| QUESTION: A " $\qquad$ " mortgage is where you receive a lower interest $\qquad$ but pay a large lump-sum of ---- off in the future. ANSWER: Balloon/rate/cash <br> (C\#2) | QUESTION: Two house-related costs you incur every time you move are $\qquad$ fees and $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Mortgage / decorating/ movers (C\#2) |
| QUESTION: All mortgage financing costs must be disclosed in your lender's $\qquad$ estimate form. <br> ANSWER: Loan (C\#2) | QUESTION: A professional $\qquad$ inspector is hired to assess the physical condition of your home, pre-purchase, to assess it's $\qquad$ condition. <br> ANSWER: Home / physical (C\#2) |
| QUESTION: The three most important factors in choosing real estate are $\qquad$ $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Location/location/location <br> (C\#2) | QUESTION: Two house design elements to consider, pre-purchase, are the $\qquad$ of bedrooms and $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Number / bathrooms (C\#2) |


| QUESTION: Two types of physical <br> house problems that cost thousands <br> of dollars to repair are --------- and <br> an uneven -------- <br> ANSWER: Mold / foundation <br> (C\#2) | QUESTION: ------ is the amount of money <br> you have already borrowed which <br> requires repayment. <br> ANSWER: Debt |
| :--- | :--- |
| (C\#3) |  |


| QUESTION: The more frequently a loan's interest is compounded, the $\qquad$ - it's interest expense will be. <br> ANSWER: Higher <br> (C\#3) | QUESTION: A $\qquad$ loan is when property is pledged as collateral. ANSWER: Secured (C\#3) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: The interest rate appearing on the face of a loan document is that loan's $\qquad$ interest rate. <br> ANSWER: Stated (C\#3) | QUESTION: Property pledged to secure a loan is known as $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Collateral <br> (C\#3) |
| QUESTION: "APR" in a loan document is an abbreviation for $\qquad$ Rate. ANSWER: Annual Percentage <br> (C\#3) | QUESTION: A loan where no collateral is pledged to obtain it is known as $\qquad$ ANSWER: Unsecured (C\#3) |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ costs of a loan are included in a loan's annual percentage rate (APR). <br> ANSWER: All (C\#3) | QUESTION: A credit card is actually a loan device that puts you into $\qquad$ ANSWER: Debt <br> (C\#3) |
| QUESTION: A loans APR is all of a loan's expenses converted into a $\qquad$ number. ANSWER: Single (C\#3) | QUESTION: Your credit in the financial world is your $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Reputation <br> (C\#3) |
| QUESTION: ------ costs of a loan must be legally disclosed in a Truth-In-Lending document issued by a lender. <br> ANSWER: All <br> (C\#3) | QUESTION: $\qquad$ payment of bills and routinely using more than -----\% of your credit will negatively impact your credit/FICO score. <br> ANSWER: Late / 30\% <br> (C\#3) |


| QUESTION: Paying bills -- ------ and not routinely using more than ---- \% of your credit will have a positive impact on your Credit/FICO score. <br> ANSWER: On time / 30 (C\#4) | QUESTION: An identity theft victim should place a $\qquad$ alert on their credit lines and file a $\qquad$ report to report a crime. ANSWER: Fraud / police (C\#4) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ theft happens when your personal financial information is stolen and used to make unauthorized purchases. <br> ANSWER: Identity <br> (C\#4) | QUESTION: The FICO score ranges from $\qquad$ to $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: 300/850 <br> (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: To avoid being a victim of identity theft never give your ------ -----number out unless it will be used for a $\qquad$ valid reason. <br> ANSWER: Social Security / specific (C\#4) | QUESTION: The FICO score range for Excellent credit is $\qquad$ to $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: 720/850 <br> (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: To avoid being a victim of identity theft $\qquad$ all financial documents before discarding. ANSWER: Shred (C\#4) | QUESTION: Three credit-related issues affected by your FICO score are your $\qquad$ rate, $\qquad$ rate and possibly your $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Mortgage / loan / job (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: The three credit reporting agencies are $\qquad$ ANSWER: Experian/Equifax/Transunion (C\#4) | QUESTION: Two ways to establish credit are by putting $\qquad$ in your name and opening a $\qquad$ account. ANSWER: Utilities / checking (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: This website gives you free annual credit reports from all three credit reporting agencies once per year: $\qquad$ .com ANSWER: AnnualCreditReport (C\#4) | QUESTION: "Knowledge is $\qquad$ --". <br> (Sir Francis Bacon). <br> ANSWER: Power <br> (C\#4) |


| QUESTION: Two ways to control debt are to prepare a monthly $\qquad$ and only charge to your credit card what you can $\qquad$ every month. <br> ANSWER: Budget / pay back (C\#3) | QUESTION: An increase in the value of your home can be used as loan $\qquad$ to help you obtain a loan. <br> ANSWER: Collateral (C\#2) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: High debt will give you a $\qquad$ FICO score. <br> ANSWER: Low (C\#3) | QUESTION: A lower interest rate home equity loan can be paid back in $\qquad$ time versus a higher interest rate student loan. ANSWER: Less (C\#2) |
| QUESTION: Paying off your debts from smallest to largest is known as the $\qquad$ payoff method because you wipe-out your smallest debts fast. <br> ANSWER: Quick (C\#3) | QUESTION: Complete the sentence: <br> "Get ye into home $\qquad$ -". <br> ANSWER: Ownership (C\#2) |
| QUESTION: Paying off your debts from highest to lowest interest rates is known as the $\qquad$ payoff method because you slow down debt build-up from interest. ANSWER: Smart (C\#3) | QUESTION: Postponing student loan repayment without accruing additional interest Debt is known as $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Deferment (C\#3) |
| QUESTION: Debt $\qquad$ is when you combine several high interest loans into a single lower monthly payment loan. ANSWER: Consolidation (C\#3) | QUESTION: Postponing student loan repayment but still accruing additional interest debt is known as $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Forebearance <br> (C\#2) |
| QUESTION: A $\qquad$ counselor assesses your debt situation and makes a plan to get you out of $\qquad$ ANSWER: Credit / debt (C\#3) | QUESTION: A $\qquad$ during college is a great way to pay off student debt as-you-go. ANSWER: Job (C\#3) |


| QUESTION: Bad debt that requires Court action tells the world you're a $\qquad$ <br> ANSEWER: Loser <br> (C\#3) | QUESTION: You would file for bankruptcy to get $\qquad$ from your creditors. ANSWER: Protection (C\#3) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: To keep out of debt trouble you must be aware of your ------- flow. ANSWER: Cash (C\#3) | QUESTION: "Chapter 13 "bankruptcy let's you $\qquad$ your debts for repayment. ANSWER: Reorganize <br> (C\#3) |
| QUESTION: Choose between needs and $\qquad$ when deciding whether to spend your money or not. <br> ANSWER: Wants <br> (C\#3) | QUESTION: $\qquad$ is a legal process where you lose your home for nonpayment of your mortgage. <br> ANSWER: Foreclosure (C\#3) |
| QUESTION: The job of a collection agency is to collect your $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Debts <br> (C\#3) | QUESTION: Assistance in filing for bankruptcy can be gotten from these sources: $\qquad$ $\qquad$ software. ANSWER: Lawyer, court, bankruptcy (C\#3) |
| QUESTION: To stop a collection agency's harassment you can write them a Cease and $\qquad$ letter. <br> ANSWER: Desist (C\#3) | QUESTION: "In this world nothing is certain except $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ " is a quote from <br> Benjamin Franklin. <br> ANSWER: Death / taxes (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: Paycheck $\qquad$ and reporting your debt to a $\qquad$ agency are two actions of a collection agency. ANSWER: Garnishment / credit (C\#3) | QUESTION: A $\qquad$ downgrade, $\qquad$ on your home and $\qquad$ of paycheck can happen if you fail to pay your taxes. ANSWER: FICO/foreclosure/garnishment (C\#4) |


| QUESTION: An income tax is a tax imposed by the government on your $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Earnings <br> (C\#4) | QUESTION: The income tax Exemption is applied to your taxes based on your status and your number of $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Marital / dependents <br> (C\#4) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: The income tax rate is done as a $\qquad$ of your income. <br> ANSWER: Percentage <br> (C\#4) | QUESTION: "Tax Filing" is the date you $\qquad$ your income tax return to the government. <br> ANSWER: Submit <br> (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: Taxable earnings is income <br> After all allowable $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Deductions <br> (C\#4) | QUESTION: Your federal income tax return must be filed no later than $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: April 15 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ <br> (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: An income tax deduction is deducted from your $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Earnings <br> (C\#4) | QUESTION: The "tax year" for individuals (as opposed to corporations) is the same as the $\qquad$ year. <br> ANSWER: Calendar <br> (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: <br> An income tax credit is deducted <br> from your taxes. <br> ANSWER: Directly (C\#4) | QUESTION: Two documents that could be issued to you to report your income are a $\qquad$ - and a $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: W-2 / 1099 <br> (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: An income tax $\qquad$ - is deducted directly from your income tax liability. <br> ANSWER: Credit <br> (C\#4) | QUESTION: Two examples of items that qualify as income tax deductions are: $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Mortgage interest / charity <br> (C\#4) |


| QUESTION: Using the correct income tax form for your return might allow you to pay $\qquad$ in taxes. <br> ANSWER: Less (C\#4) | QUESTION: Contract non-compliance charges could include $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ ANSWER: Penalties / interest (C\#4) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: The $\qquad$ is the simplest federal income tax return. <br> ANSWER: 1040 (C\#4) | QUESTION: At the end of a contract term It might include an automatic $\qquad$ or either party must give $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Renewal / notice (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: If $\qquad$ is suspected the IRS can audit your back taxes $\qquad$ ANSWER: Fraud / forever (C\#4) | QUESTION: A contract with an end date is said to be of specific $\qquad$ ANSWER: Duration (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: Contracts are legally $\qquad$ documents. <br> ANSWER: Binding (C\#4) | QUESTION: A contract of sale has two basic parties, the $\qquad$ and the $\qquad$ ANSWER: Buyer / Seller <br> (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: Don't sign any contract until <br> you have $\qquad$ $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ to all of its terms and conditions. ANSWER: Identified/understand/agree (C\#4) | QUESTION: In a contract, returns have to answer three basic questions: $\qquad$ $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: When / how / why (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: Two basic contract payment issues are how much you ------ <br> or will be $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Pay / paid <br> (C\#4) | QUESTION: A contract that can sold to a third party without agreement from the original parties is known as $\qquad$ ANSWER: Assignable <br> (C\#4) |


| QUESTION: In a contract, the right to own the property it covers is known as a $\qquad$ option. <br> ANSWER: Buy <br> (C\#4) | QUESTION: The amount of insurance coverage you need should be equal to the $\qquad$ of your $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Value / assets <br> (C\#4) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: Verify that the contract includes available $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ to insure you're receiving the best deal possible. ANSWER: Discounts / rebates (C\#4) | QUESTION: $\qquad$ insurance is the type of insurance you buy when you live in an apartment to cover loss. <br> ANSWER: Renter's <br> (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: The insurance clause in a contract must answer the questions: who $\qquad$ and what's $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Pays / covered <br> (C\#4) | QUESTION: Injury to people protection is known as $\qquad$ insurance. ANSWER: Liability (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: You should not sign any contract unless you can $\qquad$ its terms. ANSWER: Explain (C\#4) | QUESTION: $\qquad$ of the insured triggers a life insurance policy payout. <br> ANSWER: Death <br> (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: The primary purpose of insurance is to protect your $\qquad$ from being $\qquad$ in a negative event. <br> ANSWER: Assets / lost (C\#4) | QUESTION: The type of life insurance that must be renewed periodically based on your age is called $\qquad$ life insurance. <br> ANSWER: Term <br> (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: An insurance $\qquad$ is the amount you pay to cover a loss before the Insurance company is required to pay. ANSWER: Deductible (C\#4) | QUESTION: If all premiums are paid, $\qquad$ life insurance never has to be renewed. <br> ANSWER: Whole <br> (C\#4) |


| QUESTION: An income tax deduction based on your charitable giving is called a $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Donation (C\#4) | QUESTION: A fully paid-for home is the $\qquad$ for your financial $\qquad$ ANSWER: Foundation / security (C\#2) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: Important documents to retain can include: $\qquad$ returns, $\qquad$ policies and $\qquad$ statements. <br> ANSWER: Tax / insurance / bank <br> (C\#4) | QUESTION: The second target to aim your financial flow at is your $\qquad$ ANSWER: Pension <br> (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: Other than suspected fraud, the IRS can go back ---- years for audits. ANSWER: Seven <br> (C\#4) | QUESTION: Your pension plan $\qquad$ money during your $\qquad$ years so you can spend it in your $\qquad$ years. ANSWER: accumulates/working/retirement (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: If the IRS suspects fraud they can go back $\qquad$ to audit you. <br> ANSWER: Forever <br> (C\#4) | QUESTION: Employer pension $\qquad$ contribution funds are considered $\qquad$ money to you. <br> ANSWER: Matching / free <br> (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: Two methods of document storage are storage in a ----- and storage in the $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: File / cloud <br> (C\#4) | QUESTION: Roth IRA pension plan contributions are tax deductible: Yes/no? <br> ANSWER: No <br> (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: The four targets to direct your money at (the hierarchy) are: $\qquad$ $\qquad$ $\qquad$ and fun. <br> ANSWER: Home/pension/investments <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: A pension plan has to be $\qquad$ by an individual or a company. <br> ANSWER: Sponsored <br> (C\#5) |


| QUESTION: IRA is an abbreviation for $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Individual Retirement Account (C\#5) | QUESTION: A $\qquad$ -fund is a pooled group of securities with the same goal. <br> ANSWER: Mutual (C\#5) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: Your contributions to your Employer's 401-K pension plan are tax deductible? Yes / No <br> ANSWER: Yes <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: Buying securities for the short term to try to make a quick profit is known as $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Speculating <br> (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: Securities represent something of $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Value <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: Buying securities for the longterm is known as $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Investing (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: Periodic cash distributions from stock are called $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Dividends (C\#5) | QUESTION: A $\qquad$ is for taking steps. <br> A $\qquad$ is for measuring steps. <br> ANSWER: Plan / Goal <br> (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: Periodic cash payments from bonds are called $\qquad$ income. <br> ANSWER: Interest <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: The higher your risk the your potential return should be. ANSWER: Higher <br> (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: Stocks as individual units are called $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Shares (C\#5) | QUESTION: Funds that adjust your stock and bond ratio as you age are called $\qquad$ funds. <br> ANSWER: Target <br> (C\#5) |


| QUESTION: The "Rule of 72 " formula is to divide your expected $\qquad$ into the number 72. This shows how many years it takes your investment to $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Rate of return / double (C\#5) | QUESTION: The S\&P 500 Index represents $\qquad$ \% of the US economy. <br> ANSWER: Seventy-five <br> (C\#5) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ is when you reinvest your dividends and interest back into your investments. <br> ANSWER: Compounding <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: The "Successful Investor" equation is: $\qquad$ + $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Simple + Easy $=$ Millionaire <br> (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: I-C-E C-R-E-A-M represents: <br> ------ ------ --------------------------------- $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Interest Compounding Everyday Creates Real Easy Additional Money (C\#5) | QUESTION: Issac Newton said" For every action there is an $\qquad$ and opposite $\qquad$ ". <br> ANSWER: Equal / reaction (C\#6) |
| QUESTION: A $\qquad$ fund pools money from investors to achieve a $\qquad$ goal. ANSWER: Mutual / stated (C\#5) | QUESTION: A "Universal Truth" is something that is $\qquad$ and accepted at all times. <br> ANSWER: Proven (C\#6) |
| QUESTION: A "Balanced" mutual fund invests in a $\qquad$ mix of securities. ANSWER: Diversified (C\#5) | QUESTION: Putting money "in order" means managing your cash $\qquad$ and cash $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Inflow / outflow (C\#6) |
| QUESTION: A mutual fund only buying similar securities from a particular financial list is known as an $\qquad$ fund. ANSWER: Index (C\#5) | QUESTION: Your mindset should be one of $\qquad$ when you contribute to charitable causes. <br> ANSWER: Good intentions (C\#5) |


| QUESTION: Successful collaboration on money matters is aided by all parties having a good $\qquad$ understanding. ANSWER: Financial <br> (Web\#2) | QUESTION: Owning shares of a company's stock you are actually a part $\qquad$ of that company. <br> ANSWER: Owner (C\#5) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: Collaboration saves you $\qquad$ and money. <br> ANSWER: Time <br> (Web\#2) | QUESTION: Two points of agreement needed for successful collaboration are: $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Goals/finances/time frame <br> (Web\#2) |
| QUESTION: Collaboration is basically $\qquad$ ANSWER: Sharing <br> (Web\#2) | QUESTION: Becoming a member in a $\qquad$ owned house could get you into your own home $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Collaboratively / sooner <br> (Web\#2) |
| QUESTION: Collaboration can help you $\qquad$ towards your down payment. <br> ANSWER: Save <br> (Web\#2) | QUESTION: Collaborative home ownership means you're financially $\qquad$ on the other house members . <br> ANSWER: Dependent <br> (Web\#2) |
| QUESTION: One reason to collaborate is to $\qquad$ something you wouldn't or couldn't on your own. <br> ANSWER: Accomplish <br> (Web\#2) | QUESTION: Collaborative home ownership can give you the benefits of a $\qquad$ increase and an increase in your cash ----. ANSWER: Wealth / flow <br> (Web\#2) |
| QUESTION: Three things that can be shared through collaboration are: $\qquad$ $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ ANSWER: Property/resources/services <br> (Web\#2) | QUESTION: Originally signed collaborative house documents should be kept in a bank $\qquad$ box. <br> ANSWER: Safe deposit <br> (Web\#2) |


| QUESTION: A $\qquad$ is a part owner in a collaboratively owned house. ANSWER: Shareholder <br> (Web\#2) | QUESTION: We need to replace decisions based on emotions with ones based on $\qquad$ $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ - to achieve our best financial outcomes. <br> ANSWER: Knowledge/history (Web\#1) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: Two Closing costs of a real estate transaction are $\qquad$ fees and $\qquad$ - fees. <br> ANSWER: Bank / title <br> (C\#2) | QUESTION: Knowledge is useless if overrule its application. <br> ANSWER: Emotions <br> (Web\#1) |
| QUESTION: The proceeds of a Term life Insurance policy can be used to pay for -- - house expenses of the deceased. ANSWER: PITI <br> (Web\#2) | QUESTION: Developing your own Power Money Mantra will help you override emotions with $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Logic <br> (Web\#1) |
| QUESTION: A $\qquad$ -in-common Deed is acceptable to most banks as proof of ownership for a collaborative house. <br> ANSWER: Tenancy <br> (Web\#2) | QUESTION: The type of loan used to buy real estate is called a $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Mortgage (C\#2) |
| QUESTION: A house Sharing Agreement should state how space is $\qquad$ and how and when $\qquad$ can be sold. <br> ANSWER: Allocated / shares <br> (Web\#2) | QUESTION: Traditional, ETF and Index are all examples of $\qquad$ fund types. <br> ANSWER: Mutual (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: Shareholders must sign a $\qquad$ Agreement to allow $\qquad$ checks to be conducted in a collaboratively owned house. <br> ANSWER: Consent / back-round (Web\#2) | QUESTION: Do good. You never know what $\qquad$ outcomes await. <br> ANSWER: Positive (C\#6) |


| QUESTION: The language of ice cream is not the least bit $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Frightening <br> (Page\#5) | QUESTION: In the banana split, toppings represent financial $\qquad$ which you don't see coming but could harm you. <br> ANSWER: Landmines (C\#4) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: The American Dream is defined by $\qquad$ security and owning your own $\qquad$ free of a $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Financial / home / mortgage <br> (Page\#3) | QUESTION: In the banana split, whipped cream represents $\qquad$ which grows rapidly with the right choices. <br> ANSWER: Investing (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: This book will help you rewrite your $\qquad$ and unlock your $\qquad$ ANSWER: Story / destiny <br> (Page\#33) | QUESTION: You need to understand financial $\qquad$ basics and develop a healthy $\qquad$ to money to work successfully with an investment advisor. ANSWER: Investing/relationship (Web\#1) |
| QUESTION: In the banana split, the dish can't have any $\qquad$ because it represents cash $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Leaks / flow (C\#1) | QUESTION: In business and investing you lose what you don't or won't $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Control <br> (Web\#1) |
| QUESTION: In the banana split, the banana represents your $\qquad$ because it is the $\qquad$ structure of a banana split and your financial life. <br> ANSWER: Home / supporting (C\#2) | QUESTION: Almost anyone with the right $\qquad$ set can achieve the American Dream. <br> ANSWER: Mind <br> (Web\#1) |
| QUESTION: In the banana split, the cherry-on-top represents goodwill and $\qquad$ which gives $\qquad$ to acquiring wealth. ANSWER: Charity / purpose <br> ((C\#6) | QUESTION: Your $\qquad$ values determine who you are and guide your life. <br> ANSWER: Core <br> (Web\#1) |


|  | QUESTION: Using automatic payroll $\qquad$ and being a conscious $\qquad$ are examples of cash flow $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Deductions/consumer/defense (C\#1) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: Actively managing your cash flow is the difference between $\qquad$ your money or your money $\qquad$ you". <br> ANSWER: Controlling x2 <br> (C\#1) | QUESTION: $\qquad$ deductions are a major stepping stone on your path to financial $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Automatic / security <br> (C\#1) |
| QUESTION: Your everyday $\qquad$ choices directly affect your cash flow. <br> ANSWER: Spending <br> (C\#1) | QUESTION: A monthly $\qquad$ helps you track your cash $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Budget / flow (C\#1) |
| QUESTION: You can burn through all your money of you don't control your ---- ----. ANSWER: Cash flow (C\#1) | QUESTION: Your $\qquad$ improves as you complete each monthly budget. <br> ANSWER: Accuracy (C\#1) |
| QUESTION: Advertisers prioritize their $\qquad$ over your $\qquad$ ANSWER: Greed / need (C\#1) | QUESTION: Looking back at how you $\qquad$ your money every month is a real eye opener into your spending $\qquad$ ANSWER: Spent / habits (C\#1) |
| QUESTION: Too much $\qquad$ on your wants will move you further away from the American Dream. <br> ANSWER: Spending <br> (C\#1) | QUESTION: A negative in your monthly budget net amount is called a $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Deficit (C\#1) |

\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{|l|l|}\hline \begin{array}{l}\text { QUESTION: A positive in your monthly } \\
\text { budget net amount is called a --------. } \\
\text { ANSWER: Surplus }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { QUESTION: Home value appreciation is } \\
\text { a wealth increase that doesn't require } \\
\text { a ---------- } \\
\text { (C\#1) }\end{array}
$$ \\

\hline ANSWER: Job\end{array}\right]\)| (C\#1) |
| :--- |


| QUESTION: $\qquad$ funding might be used to raise capital when traditional funding isn't available. <br> ANSWER: Crowd | QUESTION: Home ownership is your real estate asset which helps you $\qquad$ your investment portfolio. <br> ANSWER: Diversify (C\#2) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: Crowdfunding will not help <br> you obtain a $\qquad$ mortgage. <br> ANSWER: Traditional <br> (C\#2) | QUESTION: Using other people's money to make money is called $\qquad$ ANSWER: Leveraging (C\#2) |
| QUESTION: The website address related to this book is: $\qquad$ .com ANSWER: FinancialBananaSplit.com <br> (Back Cover) | QUESTION: This book's $\qquad$ home ownership program could help our nation's housing crisis. <br> ANSWER: Step- up (C\#2) |
| QUESTION: Understanding home buying basics helps you get the best $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Deal <br> (C\#2) | QUESTION: Price declines and property being uninhabitable are $\qquad$ of home ownership. <br> ANSWER: Risks (C\#2) |
| QUESTION: Ownership of an automobile is evidenced by a $\qquad$ document. <br> ANSWER: Title <br> (C\#2) | QUESTION: Purchasing a home near it's historic low selling price can $\qquad$ your financial risk of home ownership. ANSWER: Reduce (C\#2) |
| QUESTION: Renting where you live is paying your landlord's $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ ANSWER: Mortgage / taxes (C\#2) | QUESTION: Refinancing your home could result in a new, ---- term $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: full/ mortgage <br> (C\#2) |


| QUESTION: Without a pre-payment $\qquad$ clause you are able to pay off your $\qquad$ early without an additional fee. <br> ANSWER: Penalty / mortgage (C\#2) | QUESTION: Paying too $\qquad$ for your home can turn your American Dream Into your American $\qquad$ ANSWER: Much / nightmare (C\#2) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: A mortgage that is not for a thirty year term at a $\qquad$ rate could involve $\qquad$ risk. <br> ANSWER: Fixed / higher (C\#2) | QUESTION: Accumulating $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ on credit cards can turn into life-wrecking, unmanageable $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Debt <br> (C\#3) |
| QUESTION: A $\qquad$ mortgage allows you to sell your home and still live in it. ANSWER: Reverse (C\#2) | QUESTION: Use loans, credit and debt to <br> Your financial $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Advantage <br> (C\#3) |
| QUESTION: When part of your rent money goes towards the down-payment of a house this is called $\qquad$ to $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Rent / own (C\#2) | QUESTION: $\qquad$ all personal financial documents before you discard them. ANSWER: Shred (C\#3) |
| QUESTION: The biggest variable in housing prices is the $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Location (C\#2) | QUESTION: The website: $\qquad$ .com allows you to review your credit reports for free once per year. ANSWER: Annualcredirreport.com (C\#3) |
| QUESTION: The basic financial rules of home buying also apply to house $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Flipping (C\#2) | QUESTION: If you spot credit irregularities take steps to resolve them $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Immediately <br> (C\#3) |


| QUESTION: A poor credit rating could $\qquad$ impact your chances to obtain a $\qquad$ for a house. <br> ANSWER: Negatively / mortgage (C\#3) | QUESTION: $\qquad$ counseling offers customized plans to help get you out of debt. <br> ANSWER: Credit <br> (C\#3) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ credit is an important step to take in order to create future wealth. <br> ANSWER: Establishing <br> (C\#3) | QUESTION: $\qquad$ agencies report their progress on collection of your debt to the $\qquad$ bureaus. <br> ANSWER: Collection / credit <br> (C\#3) |
| QUESTION: A $\qquad$ credit card limits our credit to an amount you deposit with a bank directly for this purpose. ANSWER: Secured (C\#3) | QUESTION: $\qquad$ is a legal proceeding to settle or dismiss your debts. <br> ANSWER: Bankruptcy <br> (\#4) |
| QUESTION: You can maintain a credit card by charging as little as $\qquad$ dollars every --- months. <br> ANSWER: Twenty / three (C\#3) | QUESTION: $\qquad$ is a legal process where you lose your home because you can't pay your mortgage. <br> ANSWER: Foreclosure <br> (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ new debt is the smartest choice for your financial health. <br> ANSWER: No <br> (C\#3) | QUESTION: The purpose of insurance is to protect your $\qquad$ from being sold to cover your $\qquad$ ANSWER: Assets / losses (\#4) |
| QUESTION: Don't have $\qquad$ credit cards unless you can pay off the balance every month. <br> ANSWER: Multiple <br> (C\#3) | QUESTION: My former boss said she couldn't buy something she didn't $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Understand <br> (C\#4) |


| QUESTION: $\qquad$ taxes are the only taxes which must be actively computed every year. <br> ANSWER: Income (C\#4) | QUESTION: The author's Whole Life Insurance policies continued to pay $\qquad$ even in a bad economy. ANSWER: Dividends (C\#4) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ is the correct tax return to file if you do not claim deductions or dependents. <br> ANSWER: 1040 (C\#4) | QUESTION: Planning for the future now, when things are generally $\qquad$ usually pays-off in the long term. ANSWER: Cheaper <br> (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ is the correct tax return to file if you have deductions but not enough to itemize them. <br> ANSWER: 1040 (C\#4) | QUESTION: Your $\qquad$ is created after death. <br> ANSWER: Estate (C\#4) |
| QUESTRION: $\qquad$ is the correct tax return to file if your income is over \$100K and you will itemize deductions. ANSWER: 1040 (C\#4) | QUESTION: You can modify or cancel a $\qquad$ trust anytime. <br> ANSWER: Revocable <br> (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: Signers to a contract are required to comply with all $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ of the contract. <br> ANSWER: Terms / conditions (C\#4) | QUESTION: Putting your assets in a R- $\qquad$ trust $\qquad$ probate court. <br> ANSWER: Revocable / avoids <br> (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: When a Whole Life insurance Policy reaches the point where its dividends equal or exceed its premiums then it is called self $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Funding (C\#4) | QUESTION: "The devil is in the details" tells us not to rely on $\qquad$ appearances. <br> ANSWER: Surface <br> (C\#4) |


| QUESTION: Automatic $\qquad$ is based on "Out-of-sight, out-of-mind" psychology. ANSWER: Deductions <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: Pensions accumulate money in your $\qquad$ years to support you in your $\qquad$ years. <br> ANSWER: Working / retirement (C\#5) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: A fully paid for $\qquad$ is the financial foundation of the American Dream. <br> ANSWER: Home <br> (C\#2) | QUESTION: The $\qquad$ of a pension plan is the person/entity who manages it. ANSWER: Sponsor (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: House appreciation is a fundamental component of $\qquad$ creation. ANSWER: Wealth (C\#2) | QUESTION: You can have both a 401(k) and an $\qquad$ pensions at the same time. ANSWER: IRA (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: All your basic costs of home ownership must be fully paid before you fund $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Investments <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: Different people purchasing the stock of the same companies in a fund is called $\qquad$ of resources. ANSWER: Pooling (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: Pension monies from your employer are called $\qquad$ funds. ANSWER: Matching <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: $\qquad$ bonds are issued by the federal government. <br> ANSWER: Treasury (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: Choosing solid investments then $\qquad$ their earnings supercharges their growth. ANSWER: Reinvesting C\#5) | QUESTION: When interest rates rise, bond values $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Fall (C\#5) |


| QUESTION: If newly issued bonds have a lower interest rate than current bonds, you'll pay $\qquad$ for them. <br> ANSWER: Less (C\#5) | QUESTION: Go to Las Vegas if you want to $\qquad$ with your money and not seriously invest in your future. <br> ANSWER: Gamble <br> (C\#5) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: If older bonds have a lower interest rate than newly issued bonds, you'll pay $\qquad$ for the older bonds. ANSWER: Less (C\#5) | QUESTION: Risky investments generally begin at --- times the current ----- year treasury bond yield. <br> ANSWER: Two / ten C\#5) |
| QUESTION: You should verify the quality of a stock or bond $\qquad$ purchase. <br> ANSWER: Before <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: Income from a job + rental properties + investments = $\qquad$ income $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Multiple / streams (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: Study a stock's dividend before you purchase it. ANSWER: History <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: Buying the same dollar amount of the same stock every year on your dog's birthday is $\qquad$ averaging. <br> ANSWER: Dollar cost <br> (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: Compare the current ---- year Treasury bond yield to the bond or bond fund before purchase. <br> ANSWER: Ten <br> C\#5) | QUESTION: Every time you buy or sell a stock you pay a $\qquad$ fee. <br> ANSWER: Brokerage (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: The most important part of plans and goals is $\qquad$ - them. <br> ANSWER: Starting <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: All investments go up and down $\qquad$ over time. <br> ANSWER: Unpredictably (C\#5) |


| QUESTION: If you place the same bet on all the whacky moles at once you're $\qquad$ to pick a winner. <br> ANSWER: Guaranteed <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: Complete the anagram: $\qquad$ $\qquad$ $\qquad$ Cream. <br> ANSWER: Interest / compounding everyday <br> (C\#5) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: A $\qquad$ fund bases its investment strategy on your expected date of retirement. <br> ANSWER: Target <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: The abbreviation ETF stands for $\qquad$ Funds. <br> ANSWER: Exchange Traded (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: A stock $\qquad$ is when you're given two shares of stock for every one share of stock you hold. <br> ANSWER: Split (C\#5) | QUESTION: The price of traditional mutual funds changes at the $\qquad$ of the trading day. <br> ANSWER: Close (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ interest is a time -- tested strategy for wealth creation. ANSWER: Compounding <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: Before investing in a fund review its $\qquad$ history. <br> ANSWER: Performance (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: Compounding interest works by $\qquad$ -earnings produced by your investments. <br> ANSWER: Reinvesting <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: The price of an ETF changes $\qquad$ the trading day. <br> ANSWER: During <br> (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ interest only pays interest on your original investment. ANSWER: Simple <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: An $\qquad$ fund buys securities from a specific list to attain an objective. ANSWER: Index (C\#5) |


| QUESTION: A basic investment strategy is to buy one stock and one bond fund in a --- to ---- ratio. <br> ANSWER: 3:1 (C\#5) | QUESTION: "The ---\% Rule" is how much annually can be withdrawn from retirement funds and last until passing. ANSWER: 4 (C\#5) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: Review your brokerage statement every month to insure you understand all $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ <br> Answer: Charges / fees <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: Annuities are basically $\qquad$ contracts. <br> ANSWER: Life insurance <br> (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: Open a $\qquad$ account when opening a brokerage account to lower taxable investment income. <br> ANSWER: Pension (C\#5) | QUESTION: Cost-efficient annuities are generally bought from the $\qquad$ insurance company. <br> ANSWER: issuing (C\#5) |
| Question: One "secret" for successful money management is to know the $\qquad$ of financial investing. <br> ANSWER: Basics (C\#5) | QUESTION: An option to purchasing an annuity is to purchase separate $\qquad$ $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Life insurance / investments (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: One "secret" for successful money management is to develop a healthy $\qquad$ with money. <br> ANSWER: Relationship (C\#5) | QUESTION: Sir Isaac Newton said "For every action there is an equal and opposite $\qquad$ -". <br> ANSWER: Reaction <br> (C\#6) |
| QUESTION: Retirement planning focuses on how much money you're able to ----. ANSWER: Take (C\#5) | QUESTION: One universal truth is: <br> Where there's $\qquad$ there's life". <br> ANSWER: Water <br> (C\#6) |


| QUESTION: The universe has $\qquad$ and so should your money. <br> ANSWER: Order <br> (C\#6) | QUESTION: Two basic ways to collaborate are through use and $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Ownership <br> (Web\#2) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: In this world money seems to follow $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Money <br> (C\#6) | QUESTION: The five basics of story <br> writing are : $\qquad$ $\qquad$ $\qquad$ $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Who-what-where-when-why <br> (Web\#2) |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ is when two or more people combine resources to do or create something. <br> ANSWER: Collaboration <br> (Web\#2) | QUESTION: You might need access to $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ resources during collaboration. <br> ANSWER: Legal / financial <br> (Web\#2) |
| QUESTION: Using $\qquad$ could enable you to become a home owner sooner than later. <br> ANSWER: Collaboration <br> (Web\#2) | QUESTION: In a real estate transaction, bank and title fees and pro-rated real estate taxes are settled at the $\qquad$ ANSWER: Closing (C\#2) |
| QUESTION: Collaboration enables you to <br> save $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Time / money <br> (Web\#2) | QUESTION: A $\qquad$ document proves ownership of real estate property. ANSWER: Deed (C\#2) |
| QUESTION: Bartering is defined as exchanging things of equal $\qquad$ without the exchange of money. ANSWER: Value <br> (Web\#2) | QUESTION: In collaborative housing an $\qquad$ fund agreement sets-up monies for unexpected cash shortfalls. ANSWER: Emergency <br> (Web\#2) |


| QUESTION: A $\qquad$ agreement gives other house shareholders permission to conduct a back-round check. <br> ANSWER: Consent <br> (Web\#2) | QUESTION: Achieving the American Dream early allows you to follow your --------, $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ ANSWER: Dreams/passions/talents (Page\#3) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ insurance covers you for medical expenses. <br> ANSWER: Healthcare <br> (Web\#2) | QUESTION: The book The Financial <br> Banana Split gives you financial literacy <br> from $\qquad$ to $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: High school / retirement <br> (Book Cover) |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ regulations state how large a house can be built on a lot and if it can be used for business. <br> ANSWER: Zoning <br> (C\#2) | QUESTION: You need knowledge to $\qquad$ $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ your own financial resources. <br> ANSWER: Grow/protect/manage <br> (Page\#3) |
| QUESTION: Can you $\qquad$ it? is the critical financial question which must be answered in using collaboration. ANSWER: Afford <br> (C\#2) | QUESTION: When you're eating ice cream you're mind drifts into the soft cloud of a happy $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Daydream <br> (Page\#5) |
| QUESTION: Cooking weekly dinners with other families can augment meal $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ leading to more collaboration. <br> ANSWER: Variety / socialization (Web\#2) | QUESTION: Currency was developed to represent the $\qquad$ of goods and services. <br> ANSWER: Value <br> (Web\#1) |
| QUESTION: The price of a security is called it's NAV which is: $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Net Asset value <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: Money is your $\qquad$ to the future. <br> ANSWER: Link <br> (Web\#1) |


| QUESTIO | QUESTION: Junk bonds are rated below |
| :---: | :---: |
| ANSWER: Growth | ANSWER: Investment |
| (C\#5) | (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: Securities held for --------- are primarily held for their ability to generate monthly or quarterly revenue. <br> ANSWER: Income <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: Stocks and bonds are more generally classified as $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Securities <br> (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: Stock $\qquad$ give you the right to buy or sell a security at a future date for a certain price. <br> ANSWER: Options <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: $\qquad$ ownership identifies you as a holder of a company's debt obligation. <br> ANSWER: Bond (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ Cap and $\qquad$ Cap refers to a company's present market value. ANSWER: Large / Small (C\#5) | QUESTION: The U.S. stock market can be broadly divided into eleven different $\qquad$ ANSWER: Sectors (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: Large Cap and Small Cap refers to a company's current $\qquad$ ANSWER: Market Value <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: Three of the eleven stock market sectors are: $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Industrials/Financials /Technology/ Utilities/Consumer Discretionary/Healthcare <br> /Materials /Real Estate / Consumer Staples/ <br> (C\#5) Consumer Services / Energy |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ bonds are rated below investment grade. <br> ANSWER: Junk <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: Industrials, Technology and Utilities are three of the eleven stock market $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Sectors <br> (C\#5) |


| QUESTION: Long-term capital gains are <br> taxed at a --------- rate than ordinary <br> income. <br> ANSWER: Lower <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: A ----------------- Agreement gives <br> other house shareholders permission to <br> conduct a back-round check. <br> ANSWER: Consent |
| :--- | :--- |
| QUESTION: T.I.P.S. is an acronym for |  |
| (Web\#2) |  |


| Other services a bank might offer besides basic checking and savings - type accounts are: $\qquad$ $\qquad$ $\qquad$ ANSWER: Loans / Credit Cards/ Mortgages (C\#1) | QUESTION: Before you write out a check you should write in your check $\qquad$ the check's $\qquad$ $\qquad$ $\qquad$ $\qquad$ ---. ANSWER: Number/Date/Payee/ Purpose/\$ (C\#1) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: When you balance your checkbook, you're comparing your records to the $\qquad$ records. <br> ANSWER: Bank's <br> (C\#1) | QUESTION: You compare and reconcile your check register with your $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Bank Statement <br> (C\#1) |
| QUESTION: Balancing your checkbook allows you to see your $\qquad$ balance. <br> ANSWER: Current <br> (C\#1) | QUESTION: If you suspect fraud on your bank account or merchant statement you need to start $\qquad$ to resolve the issue. ANSWER: Immediately <br> (C\#1) |
| QUESTION: Balancing your checkbook allows you to catch $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ early. ANSWER: Errors / Fraud <br> (C\#1) | QUESTION: While reconciling your bank statement, if you suspect fraud, contact the $\qquad$ and/or $\qquad$ immediately to resolve the issue. <br> ANSWER: Bank / Merchant (C\#1) |
| QUESTION: You should balance your checkbook ever $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Month <br> (C\#1) | QUESTION: After balancing your checkbook, mark in your check $\qquad$ where you $\qquad$ for the month. <br> ANSWER: Register / Ended <br> (C\#1) |
| QUESTION: People who only bank on-line still need to $\qquad$ their checkbooks. <br> ANSWER: Balance <br> (C\#1) | QUESTION: Two documents you need to open a bank account are your $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Driver's license/Social Security card <br> (C\#1) |


| QUESTION: The Federal Reserve controls the $\qquad$ of the United States. <br> ANSWER: Money Supply <br> ((C\#5) | QUESTION: A $\qquad$ account is a basic bank account paying interest on your account balance. <br> ANSWER: Savings <br> (C\#1) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: Crypto currency is $\qquad$ money created by and stored on $\qquad$ ANSWER: Electronic / Computers (C\#5) | QUESTION: A $\qquad$ is a bank savings instrument which you purchase for a specific duration. <br> ANSWER: Certificate of Deposit (C\#1) |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ currency is not $\qquad$ or guaranteed by the U.S. government. ANSWER: Crypto / Issued (C\#5) | QUESTION: There are financial $\qquad$ for terminating a CD early. <br> ANSWER: Penalties <br> (C\#1) |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ accounts are generally used for spending. ANSWER: Checking <br> (C\#1) | QUESTION: A $\qquad$ Account changes its interest rate periodically based on the market interest rate. <br> ANSWER: Money Market <br> (C\#1) |
| QUESTION: You can access your money in a checking account with a bank-issued $\qquad$ card. <br> ANSWER: Debit <br> (C\#1) | QUESTION: An Individual Retirement <br> Account (IRA) is a type of $\qquad$ account. <br> ANSWER: Pension (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: Your bank may charge an $\qquad$ Fee if your checking account balance drops below zero. <br> ANSWER: Overdraft <br> (C\#1) | QUESTION: IRA is an acronym for $\qquad$ $\qquad$ <br> a type of pension account. ANSWER: Individual Retirement Account (C\#5) |


| QUESTION: Owning $\qquad$ in a company means you have an ownership interest. ANSWER: Stock <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: A bond market is an exchange where bonds get $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ ANSWER: Listed and Traded <br> (C\#5) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ stock has voting rights. <br> ANSWER: Common <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: The S\&P 500 is an example of a $\qquad$ market. <br> ANSWER: Stock <br> (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ stock gets paid a fixed dividend. ANSWER: Preferred <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: The NASDAQ is an example of a $\qquad$ market. <br> ANSWER: Stock <br> (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: A bond goes $\qquad$ in value when market intertest rates decline. <br> ANSWER: Up <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: Index funds track a $\qquad$ list of individual securities. <br> ANSWER: Specific <br> (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: A bond goes $\qquad$ in value when market interest rates increase. <br> ANSWER: Down <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: ETF's can be traded just like ANSWER: Stocks <br> (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: A stock market is an exchange where stocks get $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ ANSWER: Listed / Traded <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: The $\qquad$ is the central bank of the United States. <br> ANSWER: Federal Reserve <br> (C\#5) |


| QUESTION: A contract is an $\qquad$ between two parties for an exchange of something of $\qquad$ ANSWER: Agreement / Value (C\#4) | QUESTION: $\qquad$ in contract terms would disqualify a person to sign if they are intoxicated. <br> ANSWER: Capacity (C\#4) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: A contract creates $\qquad$ obligations for both parties, enforceable by law. <br> ANSWER: Mutual <br> (C\#4) | QUESTION: A contract for an $\qquad$ product or service can't be enforced in a court of law. <br> ANSWER: Illegal <br> (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: Three basic elements of a contract are the $\qquad$ $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Offer / Acceptance / Consideration (C\#4) | QUESTION: If you don't $\qquad$ all the $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ of a contract, don't sign it. ANSWER: Understand / Terms / Conditions (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ of a contract can be in writing or verbally if allowed by state law. <br> ANSWER: Acceptance <br> (C\#4) | QUESTION: In calculating your FICO score, the credit rating agencies use your ----------- $\qquad$ and your $\qquad$ as the largest components. <br> ANSWER: Payment history / Amount owed (C\#3) |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ in contract terms, refers to something of value. ANSWER: Consideration <br> (C\#4) | QUESTION: Your -- -- -- -- score is used to calculate your $\qquad$ rating. <br> ANSWER: FICO / Credit <br> (C\#3) |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ in contract terms means both parties are active and free to participate. <br> ANSWER: Awareness <br> (C\#4) | QUESTION: If you are not able to resolve a billing dispute with a creditor, contact the $\qquad$ ANSWER: Consumer Protection Agency (C\#3) |


| QUESTION: A $\qquad$ credit pull looks at your entire credit history. <br> ANSWER: Hard <br> (C\#3) | QUESTION: Assets put into a Trust before death avoids $\qquad$ court. <br> QUESTION: Probate (C\#4) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: A $\qquad$ credit pull does not affect your credit score. <br> ANSWER: Soft <br> (C\#3) | QUESTION: Consumer $\qquad$ finance laws seek to prevent $\qquad$ business practices. <br> ANSWER: Protection/ Fraudulent <br> (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: There is no $\qquad$ inheritance tax. <br> ANSWER: Federal <br> (C\#3) | QUESTION: You have the Right to know what your $\qquad$ loan costs will be and how $\qquad$ will be calculated. <br> ANSWER: Total / Interest <br> (C\#3) |
| QUESTION: Life insurance death benefit proceeds are not $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Taxable <br> (C\#3) | QUESTION: The $\qquad$ <br> Commission regulates national consumer protection laws. <br> ANSWER: Federal Trade <br> (C\#3) |
| QUESTION: A house you inherit is subject to $\qquad$ tax if you sell it for more than it was valued at time of inheritance. ANSWER: Capital Gains | QUESTION: Two documents helpful in disputing an incorrect billing statement are your ----------- of payment and the company $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Proof / Invoice or Receipt (C\#1) |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ taken by you from an $\qquad$ 401-K pension plan are considered taxable. <br> ANSWER: Proceeds / Employer <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: Local taxes keep governments $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Local / Operational <br> (C\#4) |


| QUESTION: Your total sales tax can be a combination of $\qquad$ $\qquad$ sales taxes. ANSWER: State / Local (C\#4) | QUESTION: $\qquad$ pay is your total money earned for a pay period. <br> ANSWER: Gross <br> (C\#4) |
| :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ taxes are levied on the value of your house. <br> ANSWER: Property <br> (C\#4) | QUESTION: $\qquad$ pay equals gross pay minus all withholding taxes and deductions. ANSWER: Net (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: Two county services property taxes pay for are $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ ANSWER: Schools / Police/ Fire Department <br> (C\#4) | QUESTION: $\qquad$ are deductions from your paycheck by the government(s) for taxes and programs. ANSWER: Withholding (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: An employer uses form $\qquad$ to compute and deduct taxes from your paycheck. <br> ANSWER: W-4 <br> (C\#4) | QUESTION: $\qquad$ are subtracted from your paycheck for health insurance and pension, etc. <br> ANSWER: Deductions (C\#4) |
| QUESTION: An employer issues a form to show total wages and taxes deducted for the year. <br> ANSWER: W-2 <br> (C\#4) | QUESTION: $\qquad$ capital assets are those assets held for more than one year. ANSWER: Long Term <br> (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ capital assets are those assets held for less than one year. <br> ANSWER: Short Term <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: Real estate and securities (stocks and bonds) are considered $\qquad$ assets. <br> ANSWER: Capita <br> (C\#5) |


| QUESTIO | QUESTION: Junk bonds are rated below |
| :---: | :---: |
| ANSWER: Grow | ANSWER: Investmen |
| (C\#5) | (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: Securities held for $\qquad$ are primarily held for their ability to generate monthly or quarterly revenue. <br> ANSWER: Income <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: Stocks and bonds are more generally classified as $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Securities <br> (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: Stock $\qquad$ give you the right to buy or sell a security at a future date for a certain price. <br> ANSWER: Options <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: $\qquad$ ownership identifies you as a holder of a company's debt obligation. <br> ANSWER: Bond <br> (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ Cap and $\qquad$ Cap refers to a company's present market value. ANSWER: Large / Small <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: Long-term capital gains are taxed at a $\qquad$ rate than ordinary income. <br> ANSWER: Lower <br> (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: Large Cap and Small Cap refers to a company's current $\qquad$ ANSWER: Market Value <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: T.I.P.S. is an acronym for $\qquad$ securities. <br> ANSWER: Treasury Inflation Protected <br> (C\#5) |
| QUESTION: $\qquad$ bonds are rated below investment grade. <br> ANSWER: Junk <br> (C\#5) | QUESTION: T.I.P.S. interest rate is tied to the rate of $\qquad$ <br> ANSWER: Inflation <br> (C\#5) |

